

Freescalé MQX RTOS Example Guide

Timer example

This document explains the timer example, what to expect from the example and a brief introduction to the API.

The example

The timer example creates two timers, each timer has a 2 period seconds with an offset of 1 second between them. Task runs for 6 seconds.

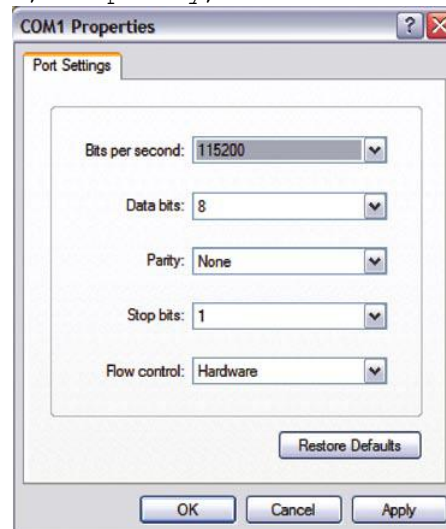
Running the example

Run HyperTerminal on the PC (Start menu->Programs->Accessories->Communications).

Make a connection to the serial port which is connected to the board (usually will be COM1).



Set it with 115200 baud, no parity, 8 bits then click OK.

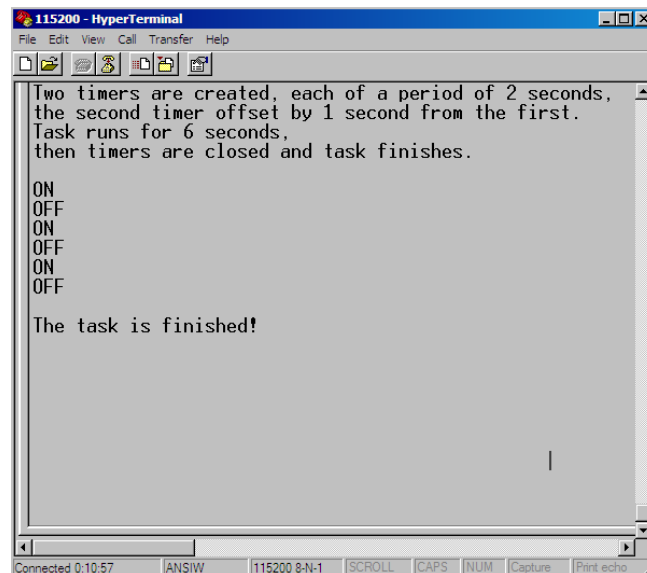


Run the code, then it can be seen from the terminal:

1. Two timers are created;
2. "ON" & "OFF" was printed at 1 second interval.
3. 6 seconds later, timer task finished and both timers expired.

Comments: With 2 seconds period, the Serial terminal print "ON" & "OFF" three times in turn.

Below serial terminal snapshot shows timer example running info based on M52259EVB board:



The image shows a HyperTerminal window titled "115200 - HyperTerminal". The window contains the following text: "Two timers are created, each of a period of 2 seconds, the second timer offset by 1 second from the first. Task runs for 6 seconds, then timers are closed and task finishes." This is followed by a sequence of "ON" and "OFF" messages: "ON", "OFF", "ON", "OFF", "ON", "OFF". Finally, it says "The task is finished!". The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected 0:10:57", "ANSI", "115200 8-N-1", and various control buttons like "SCROLL", "CAPS", "NUM", "Capture", and "Print echo".

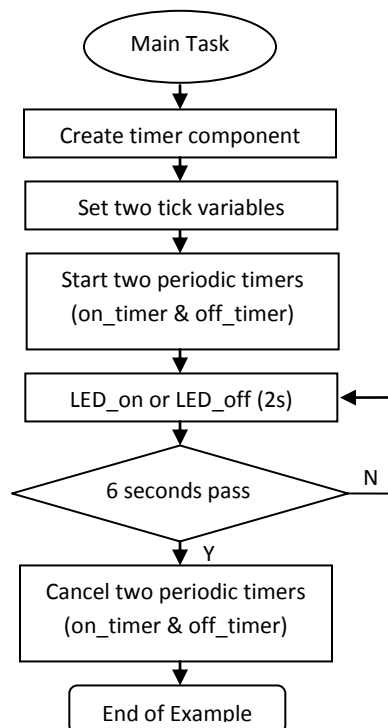
```
Two timers are created, each of a period of 2 seconds,
the second timer offset by 1 second from the first.
Task runs for 6 seconds,
then timers are closed and task finishes.

ON
OFF
ON
OFF
ON
OFF

The task is finished!
```

Explaining the example

The application example creates only one main task. The flow of the task is described in next figure.



The main task starts to create timer component with more stack size in order to handle printf() requirements.

Two timers (on_timer and off_timer) are created with periodic timer type, which expire repeatedly at a specified interval. The code to do that is:

```
on_timer = _timer_start_periodic_at_ticks(LED_on, 0,
TIMER_ELAPSED_TIME_MODE, &ticks, &dticks);
_time_add_sec_to_ticks(&ticks, 1);
off_timer = _timer_start_periodic_at_ticks(LED_off, 0,
TIMER_ELAPSED_TIME_MODE, &ticks, &dticks);
```

Off_timer is 1 second offset with on_timer.

After 6 seconds delay time, the following code is used to cancel two created periodic timer (on_timer & off_timer).

```
_timer_cancel(on_timer);
_timer_cancel(off_timer);
```